CLAIMS

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A method for producing a vaccine composition ı. containing\an immunogenic determinant as the active ingredient, characterised in that the method comprises the steps of:

- treating procaryotic cells under conditions such that an increase of the concentration of trehalose within procaryotic cells is induced;
 - using the induced cells containing **b**. trehalose as the immunogenic determinant in the production of a vaccine composition.

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A method as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the treatment of the procaryotic cells is carried out to achieve a concentration of trehalose within the cells of at least 10mM.

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A method as claimed in either of claims 1 or 2. 3. characterised in that the increase in concentration of trehalose\is achieved by synthesis of trehalose within the cell.

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A method as claimed in any one of the preceding 26 claims, characterised in that the condition 27 causing the increase of trehalose concentration 28 within the cells is heat, osmotic shock, 29 suppression of degradation of trehalose, or 30 genetically engineered constitutive synthesis 31 of trehalose within the cells.

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AMENDED SHEET

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1	5.	A method as claimed in any one of the preceding
2		claims, characterised in that the induced cells
3		containing the trehalose are dried prior to
4		their use in the production of the vaccine
5		composition.

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8 9 A method as in claim 5, characterised in that the cells are dried in the absence of added extra-cellular carbohydrate glassy stabilising matrix.

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A method as claimed in any one of the preceding 12 13 claims, characterised in that the procaryotic cells are bacteria, protozoa or fungi... 14

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A method as claimed in any one of the preceding 8. 16 claims, characterised in that the procaryotic 17 cells are treated by culdivating them in a medium containing one or more solutes and 19 having an osmolarity of at least 350 mOsmoles. 20

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A method as claimed in claim\8, characterised . 9. 22 23 in that the solute is selected from a sodium, 24 potassium, calcium and / or ammonium salt.

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A method as claimed in claim 1, \characterised 26 in that the procaryotic cell has been modified 27 28 so as to synthesise trehalose.

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A method as claimed in claim 1, characterised 30 11. 31 in that the treatment of the cells is carried

out to achieve a concentration of trehalose 1 within the cells of at least 100mm. 3 A method as claimed in any one of the preceding 4 claims, characterised in that the procaryotic 5 cells containing the induced trehalose are killed prior to use in the vaccine composition. 7 8 A method as claimed in any one of the preceding 9 claims, characterised in that the treatment of 10 the procaryotic cells is carried out in vitro. 11 12 A vaccine composition \comprising an immunogenic 13 determinant, characterised in that the 14 immunoqenic determinant\includes a procaryotic ... 15 cell or cell residue which contains at least 16 10mM of trehalose within the cell. 17 18 A vaccine composition characterised in that it 19 contains an immunogenic determinant produced by 20 the method of any of claims 1 to 13. 21 22 A vaccine composition as claimed in either of 23 16. claims 14 or 15, characterised in that it 24 contains an adjuvant for the immunogenic 25 dererminant. 26 27 A vaccine composition as claimed in any one of 17. 28 claims 14 to 16, characterised in that it 29

contains an aqueous carrier.

Sub

30 31 Sub A1 18. A vaccine composition as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 17, characterised in that the induced cells containing trehalose are dried in the presence of a non-reducing carbohydrate to provide a storage stable but viable immunogenic determinant for storage prior to use in a vaccine composition.

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19. The use of a composition as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 18 immunise an animal.

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20. A method for dreating an animal with a vaccine, characterised in that a pharmaceutically effective amount of a vaccine composition as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 18 is administered to the animal to elicit an immune response in the animal.

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21. A method as claimed in claim 20, characterised
in that the vaccine composition is administered
by injection.

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23 22. A procaryotic cell which has had its genetic
24 structure modified so as to remove or inhibit
25 that portion of the genetic structure which
26 inhibits or restricts the synthesis of
27 trehalose by the cell whereby the cell
28 constitutively synthesises trehalose within the
29 cell as it grows.

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